

CMBI Credit Commentary

Fixed Income Daily Market Update 固定收益部市场日报

- *Overall flow is light this morning but skewed to better selling in the front end papers. AT1 space like ICBCAS slightly hit down and SOE names also traded wider. FOSUNIs lower another 1pt after the 2 pts drop yesterday.*
- **Macau Gaming:** *The skeleton of the final draft of the Gaming Law is largely the same as the first draft in Jan'22. The key drivers for Macau gaming bonds, in our view, remains the COVID quarantine policy and visa approval for mainland travelers. See below.*
- **CSCHCN:** *consent solicitation for its 5 USD bonds. The major proposed amendments are to include SZCDG as a permitted holder and change the threshold of COC to 29.9% from 20.0%. Additionally, we expect the conclusion of Hefei asset sales and new loan facilities by end of Jul. See below.*

❖ Trading Desk Comments 交易台市场观点

Yesterday, Chinese IG space remained relatively quiet before the FOMC meeting. Markets was cautiously gauging and pricing in a 75 basis-point move. In financials, T2s tightened 2-4bps while AT1 prices dipped 0.125pt. In SOE sector, we saw some buying interest on the front and belly. HAOHUA tightened 5-10bps. In TMT sector, MEITUA/TENCNT tightened 4-6bps. In property sector, SINOCE'24s recovered 2-4pts but were still traded at 50s level.

For LGFV/SOE Perps, market was cautious. Chinese accounts paused buying but were content to hold on existing positions. In the LGFV space in particular, home bids seem to remain a strong technical driver.

Chinese HY space was mixed. FOSUNI down around 2pts upon the open following Moody's rating on review for downgrade, but then resumed some losses as we saw some dip buying and short covering interest. Among benchmark names, COGARD/CIFIHG up 1-3pts. CSCHCN down around 2pts. For the distressed names, SUNAC/KWGPPO up 0.5-1.5pts. In Macau gaming sector, WYNMAC gained 0.5-1.5pts after the casino operator claimed to obtain USD500mn loan facility from parent company.

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➤ **Last Trading Day's Top Movers**

Top Performers	Price	Change	Top Underperformers	Price	Change
ZENENT 12 1/2 04/23/24	57.9	4.2	FOSUNI 5.05 01/27/27	77.7	-4.8
COGARD 4.8 08/06/30	49.1	3.9	CSCHCN 11.95 02/09/23	77.2	-4.7
COGARD 8 01/27/24	70.2	3.5	CSCHCN 10 7/8 10/26/22	81.5	-4.5
MOLAND 9.8 04/11/23	19.2	3.4	CSCHCN 10 3/4 04/11/23	75.2	-4.4
COGARD 5.4 05/27/25	58.9	3.4	FOSUNI 5 05/18/26	80.1	-3.9

➤ **Macro News Recap 宏观新闻回顾**

Macro – U.S. stock market rebounded on Wednesday following the Fed's less hawkish statement that it did not expect outsized rate hikes to be a "common" tool going forward. The S&P (+1.46%), Nasdaq (+2.50%), and Dow (+1.00%) ended higher. Besides hiking the key lending rate by 75bps, the Fed also forecast its domestic GDP growth to slow to 1.7% this year compared with a 2.8% expansion projection in March. Treasury yield pulled back, with the 2/5/10/30 yield retreating to 3.20/3.38/3.33/3.39% respectively.

❖ **Desk Analyst Comments 分析员市场观点**➤ **Macau Gaming: Not much surprise in the final draft**

The skeleton of the final draft of the Gaming Law is largely the same as the first draft in Jan'22. The keys such as maximum 6 concessionaires and concession terms of up to 10+3years remain unchanged. If there are any subtle changes from the first draft more noteworthy, we would highlight that concessionaires need to maintain their net asset value of at least MOP5bn throughout the concession period, in addition to cash capital requirements of MOP5bn (Article 17). Another change is on levies for public good which change to 5% from not exceeding 5% while Macau CE can waive or lower the levies if concessionaires can contribute to attract more overseas patrons (Article 22). These subtle changes imply that total gaming tax and levies could reach 40% (35% gaming tax+5% levies) from the current level of 38-39%. The final draft will have the second and final read in Legislative Assembly by 26 Jun'22. The regulatory uncertainties regarding concession renewal is dwindling. That said, the key drivers for Macau gaming bonds, in our view, remains the COVID quarantine policy and visa approval for mainland travelers. The recently relaxed quarantine period 10+7 remains a big challenge for Macau gaming sector as the average stay of Macau tourist is only 1.6 days.

➤ **CSCHCN: Consent Solicitation and refinancing updates**

China South City (CSC) solicits consents for its 5 outstanding USD bonds. The major proposed amendments are to include SZCDG as a permitted holder and change the threshold of COC to 29.9% from 20.0% after SEZCDIH, a wholly owned subsidiary of SZCDG, acquired new shares equivalent to 29.28% of CSC's enlarged capital for HKD1.9bn (cUSD245mn). The new shares subscription was completed on 16 May'22. Subsequent to this, SEZCDIH has become CSC's largest shareholder and CHENG Chung Hing's stakes was diluted to 20.16%. Currently, the 2 permitted holders control a total of 49.44% stakes in CSC. We consider the consent solicitation a formality after the major shareholding changes, and the changes are positive for bondholders, especially the permitted holder included is SZCDG (instead of SEZCDIH) which has a closer to Shenzhen SASAC. The consent fee, albeit small, a free lunch, in our view.

Summary of the consent solicitation

Consent fee	0.05 per 100
Threshold	75% in principal amount
Expiration date	28 Jun 2022

Separately, the sales of logistic assets in Hefei for RMB1.7bn (cUSD250mn) is expected to be completed by Jul'22. We understand that CSC and SZCDG are working together to finalize onshore loan facilities. We expect to see more details on the new loan facilities over the coming weeks. These, coupled with proceeds from equity injection of cUSD245mn) from SZCDG, should notably enhance CSC's ability to repay USD bonds maturing in 2H22 (USD348mn due Aug'22, USD346mn due Oct'22 and USD276.5mn due Nov'22). We have Buy recommendations on CSCHCNs.

➤ **GRNLGR: Results of maturity extension and consent solicitation**

Greenland Holding announced the results of its consent solicitation for GRNLGR 6.75%'22 due 25 Jun'22 to extend maturity to 25 Jun'23 and obtain covenant waiver of event of default relating to this proposed amendments. Consent represented more than 66% of the outstanding principal amount and company will proceed to extend the maturity and make payment of consent fee, upfront cash repayment as well as accrued interests.

As mentioned in our Daily on 27 May, management indicated that the maturity extension is due to short-term liquidity issue triggered by lock-down in Shanghai and they expect to repay the outstanding bonds due in 2H22 when they fall due. However, we have reservation over Greenland meeting its maturities in 2H22 as the company only expects to receive cUSD200mn from cash collection overseas in 2H22, and there is high uncertainty over property sales recovery in China. We see a high chance of maturity extension for GRNLGR 5.75%'22 due Sep'22.

Please see more details in our [Daily on 27 May](#)

➤ **COGARD: Tender offer of COGARD 4.75% 07/25/22**

Country Garden announced tender offer to purchase COGARD 4.75% bond (o/s USD683.4mn) due on 25 Jul'2022 at par. As the maturity is close and purchase price is at par, we believe this offer is a gesture from the company in response to the recent tumble in bond price.

Please see below for the key terms of the tender offer.

Offer for COGARD 7.75 07/25/22

Purchase Price	100%
Expiration Deadline	22 Jun'22
Settlement Date	24 Jun'22

➤ **Chinese economy in a gradual resumption cycle**

China's economy has started to resume gradually in May amid factory restart and macro policy loosening. 2H22-1H23 will see a resumption cycle as the GDP is expected to increase by 4% in 3Q22 and 5% in 4Q22 after decreasing 0.2% in 2Q22. But the pace of resumption should be much slower than in 2Q20-2H20 due to the zero-COVID policy, weak confidence and policy tightening with downside risks in global economy. China is ahead of the US in the latest cycle as the Chinese economy is in a resumption cycle with policy easing while the US economy faces downside risks with policy tightening. Such a divergence in the business cycle for China and the US indicates Chinese stock market may outperform the US market in the next few months.

- **Economy slowly resumed amid factory restart and macro policy loosening.** After the economic collapse in April, China took great effort in May to restart freight logistics and supply chain activities. Some factories were in reopening to deliver the delayed orders and resume supply chains. The value added industrial output (VAIO) rose 0.7% YoY in May after dropping 2.9% YoY in April. However, population mobility remained low as lockdowns continued in most communities in a few cities. Service output index dropped 5.1% YoY in May,

compared to the YoY decrease of 6.1% YoY in April. Catering revenue continued to drop sharply by 21.1% YoY in May after decreasing 22.7% in April.

- **Consumption improved yet consumer confidence remained weak.** The lockdowns in April severely hurt employment, income, confidence and outdoor activities. As the economy started to resume gradually, consumption slowly improved. Retail sales declined 6.7% YoY in May after dropping 11.1% YoY in April. Staples picked up as food, beverage, alcohol & tobacco product and medicine respectively rose 12.3%, 7.7%, 3.8% and 10.8% in May, compared to 10%, 6%, -7% and 7.9% in April. Most durables saw narrowing YoY declines as communication equipment and autos declined 7.7% and 16% in May after dropping 21.8% and 31.6% in April. But home appliance further deteriorated and furniture saw limited improvement as housing sales continued with sharp declines.
- **Property market continued to slump with mild improvement.** Gross floor area (GFA) sold for commodity buildings dropped 31.8% YoY in May after declining 39% YoY in April. GFA started for buildings and land area purchased respectively plummeted 41.8% and 43.1%, compared to the YoY declines of 44.2% and 57.3% in April. Average sales price for commodity buildings dropped 8.7% YoY in May after decreasing 12.6% YoY in April. Total funding source for property development investment dropped 25.8% in 5M22 after declining 23.6% in April. Property development investment moderately improved as it declined 7.7% in May after dropping 10.1% in April.
- **Mining, infrastructure & health service investments remained strong.** Total urban fixed asset investment (FAI) picked up 4.7% YoY in May after rising 2.3% YoY in April. The YoY growth of FAI in manufacturing slightly improved from 6.4% to 7.1%. Mining, public utility, water conservancy China Economy In a gradual resumption cycle 16 Jun 2022 PLEASE READ THE ANALYST CERTIFICATION AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES ON LAST PAGE 2 management and health & social welfare services maintained strong FAI as their YoY growth rates reached 17.3%, 11.5%, 11.8% and 28.1% in May.
- **China's economy is in a gradual resumption cycle in 2H22-1H23.** The worst time has been over as China's economy is in a gradual resumption cycle in 2H22-1H23. China has loosened virus control as the epidemic condition has improved. The policymaker has eased macro policy to support the growth. But the zero-COVID policy, weak confidence and global economic slowdown may restrain the resumption pace of China's economy.

Click [here](#) for full report.

➤ **Offshore Asia New Issues (Priced)**

Issuer/Guarantor	Size (mn)	Tenor	Coupon	Yield	Issue Rating (M/S/F)
Yangzhou Jiangdu Yanjiang Development (SBLC by China Zheshang Bank)	USD30	3	3.2	3.2	-/-

➤ **Offshore Asia New Issues (Pipeline)**

Issuer/Guarantor	Currency	Size (mn)	Tenor	IPG	Issue Rating (M/S/F)
Linyi Investment Development (Tap of LYINDE 4.5 03/30/25)	USD	-	3	5.6	-/-
Korean Western Power	USD	-	3/5	-	-/-
Kunming Traffic Investment	USD	-	366 days	7	-/-

➤ **Market Conditions and Color**

- Regarding onshore primary issuances, there were 79 credit bonds issued yesterday with an amount of RMB78bn.
- **[GRNCH]** Greentown Property Group proposes to offer up to RMB2bn medium-term notes
- **[SKYFAM]** Skyfame Realty to face unprecedented liquidity pressure; If the company fails to reach a timely resolution with its creditors, it may result in the acceleration of relevant financial obligations and may lead to cross-default of certain debts
- **[ZHLGHD]** Fitch withdraws the rating of Zhongliang Holdings Group as the company has chosen to stop participating in the rating process

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